News of Events in Indiana

JANUARY RECORDS ARE BROKEN IN OIL FIELDS

Despite Zero Weather and Floods, Stock of \$25,000 Damaged to the a Very High Average of New Production Is Secured.

FEW: DRY HOLES FOUND STARTED IN BASEMENT

TOLFDO, O., Jan. 31 .- The first month of the year in the oil fields of Ohio and Indiana has broken all records for January | Model clothing store, owned by S. C. Prevo, as 655 wells were completed, regardless of month. Only sixty-seven dry holes were high waters the past week among the not be reached by the firemen.

During the month the members of the extinguished. The storeroom itself was not Western Oil Men's Association held their annual meeting and after the election of officers many things of interest were pointed out in the oil country. The tax question was an important one and an effort will be made to have oil wells put on the tax duplicates at \$150 each. The laws conflicting with the industry are being closely watched. The association has reduced its membership fees of nonresidents to \$5 per year, which should increase the membership in both States.

did many thousands of dollars' worth of

The January report shows that 348 wells were completed in the Ohio field, with thirty failures and a production daily of 4,300 barrels. This is quite a decline from the December figures, but more of a drop was looked for. Wood county takes the lead in all branches by a good margin, and the operations are confined to old leases. Not over a dozen wells were listed as 100-barrel producers. The best well was drilled near completed. The wells of Ohio for January | The loss will be covered by insurance and were distributed as follows:

	Wells		
County.	Comp.	Prod.	Dry.
Wood	89	1,035	3
Hancock	46	620	- 5
Allen	68	890	3
Auglaize	6	60	2
Sandusky	. 35	327	2
Lucas	12	196	1
Mercer	. 26	315	2
Seneca	5	13	2
Van Wert	. 41	505	4
Wyandot	8	60	3
Ottawa	8	270	1
Paulding	. 1	7	0
Putnam	. 1	3	0
Miscellaneous	. 2	0	2
200		-	-
Total	.348	4,300	30
Decrease completed we	11a 97		

Decrease production, bris, 585. Decrease dry holes,

Wells abandoned, 29, Average January wells, 131/2 barrels. The new drilling wells and rigs up in Ohio at the close of January are distributed

County. Rigs. Total. Wood

There is great activity in the "Greater county in the southern part of the State, is not far and the future of the new Eldorado depends largely on the wells now drilling. Thirteen wells have been completed there. Of that number five falled to produce oil, and the rest have a daily production close to sixty barrels. Delaware county comes forward with an important find, made by the Allen County Oil Company in Liberty township. The wild cat well surprised the natives by coming in at better than 400 barrels a day. Nearly every oil company in the State is prospering. The Randolph county field is not as active as it was, as the famous Cecil pool has been pretty well defined, though it is the richest pool in the State. The completed wells in the Indiana field for January are distributed as follows:

County.	Comp.	Frod.	Dry
Wells		705	
Blackford	34	415	1
Jay		290	- 13
Adams	31	580	
Grant	88	1,205	1
Huntington	39	762	lan)
Madison		20	
Miami	1	3	1 (1)
Delaware	13	415	
Randolph	8	230	
Jasper	3	8	
Gibson	4	30	
Martin	1	0	
Hamilton	2	- 8	
Carroll	1	3	
Miscellaneous		7	
The state of the s		-	
Totals	307	4,681	3
Decrease walls 6	nighad 94		

Decrease wells finished, 84. Decrease dry holes, 4. Wells abandoned, 3

Average January wells, barrels, 171-3. The new drilling wells and rigs up in Indiana at the close of January are distributed

Drilling.	Rigs.	Total
	18	80
40	11	5
29	6	35
32	12	4
106	68	17
34	12	46
4	2	
	ĩ	3
16	7	23
7	3	10
3	1 62	- 3
7	8	1
1	1	
1		_ 8
******* **	1	
	2	
******* **	1	P.
3	1	
	-	_
347	154	50

TWO COACHES WRECKED.

Passenger Train Thrown from the Track by Spreading Rails. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PRINCETON, Ind., Jan. 31.—The southern east-boond passenger train running fifteen miles an hour was wrecked by spreading rails at the edge of the city this afternoon, all the train leaving the track except the Though two coaches were demolished not a person was injured

Aurora Church Dedicated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. AURORA, Ind., Jan. 31.-The Methodist Church was dedicated to-day. The dedicatory sermon this morning was by Bishop Walden, of Cincinnati. Dr. C. C. Edwards, the new presiding elder, preached this evening. There will be a series of evangelistic meetings for two weeks. Distinguished ministers from the Indiana and Cincinnati confrerces will preach. A large amount of money has been expended in remodeling the church. The Rev. A. R. Beach, formerly been revoked. of Indianapolis, is the pastor.

Alleged Assailant Surrenders.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PETERSBURG, Ind., Jan. 31.-James Fox. the men whom the Fickiin girl the mises at Blackburn, and who has been ration from his wife, had deranged his in hiding since, walked into town yesterday ane gave himself up. He will be tried at the sext term of court, which will convene or Monday. No arrests have been made is the Gladish Chapel affair.

Extent of \$20,000—Loss Covered by Insurance.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., Jan. 31.-One of this city's largest business houses, the streams passing through the oil regions in the rear of the building furnished the of the cellar where the fire was worst, and some time was required to get the blaze damaged much by fire, but the smoke from the basement and the heat were so intense that the damage was almost as complete as if the blaze itself had filled the room. Clothing seventy-five feet from the burned area in the floor was scorched by the heat. The room is a double one, with an annex at the rear, where children's clothing was kept, but the entire stock suffered. Most of it was destroyed, especially the finest hats, underclothing and The plate glass windows were protected by the show-window backing. The room has been damaged by fire four

times, each time very seriously. It is owned by Major Spurgeon, of the regular army. Smoke from the fire reached Cammack's photograph gallery above, and Dunlavy's drug store and Gilmore's dry goods store, on each side, and inflicted damage. The insurance was held by the following companies: London, Liverpool & Globe, \$500; Phoenix of Hartford, \$3,000; Findlay, in Hancock county. It had an Hartford of Hartford, \$2,000; Traders', initial production of 300 barrels. With new \$1,000; North British, \$1,000; Home of New. work under way there is unusual activity York, \$2,500; Phenix of Brooklyn, \$1,000; in all fields, and, while February is a short Delaware, \$1,000; Newark of New Jersey, vitality, the most essential element of life \$1,500; Providence of Washington, \$2,000.

> WILKINSON BOTTLE FACTORY WAS BURNED Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WILKINSON, Ind., Jan. 31.-The Wilkinson | the bowels and into the blood, to go wherbottle factory burned at 7 o'clock this morn- ever the blood goes. It forms a vitalizing ing, caused by gas explosion, involving a tonic with which no other known product loss on building, ware and material on can compare. It is life to the human body. hand of about \$8,000, partly covered with in- | And germs are vegetables; and Liquozone-The plant will be rebuilt and operations will be resumed in three weeks.

GERMANS DEDICATED PART OF NEW CHURCH

Addresses Delivered by Leading Divines from Different Parts of the State.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 31 .- The German Presbyterian Church congregation dedicated part of their new church building

The dedicatory exercises were begun this morning at 10 o'clock. The Rev. A. R. Mattingly, moderator of the Whitewater Presbytery, delivered the principal address to a large congregation. The Rev. Sol. C. Dickey, D. D., of Indianapolis, also made

to-day with appropriate services.

The afternoon service, which was in German, was largely attended, the Rev. Julius Schwarz, of Connersville, and Rev. Vornholt, of Indianapolis, delivering the ad-

This evening Mr. Mattingly delivered another address, followed by an address by the Rev. J. Cumming Smith, of Indianapolis, the Rev. Messrs. Smith and Dimmitt, of the Methodist churches of this city, also The pastor, the Rev. William J. H. Bo-etcker, since his work in this city, has

met with great success among the German

The main part of the church is not completed, but the services which were held to-day were in the large Sunday-school rooms, which have been finished and which are to the rear of the building. The new structure proper will be of Bedford stone and will cost at least \$25,000.

BAND OF MURDERERS.

Paris Thieves with Constitution, By-Laws and Oath of Death.

terrorizing the Belleville district. The band resembled a secret society, havng a constitution and by-laws and requiring an applicant for membership to swear on a peculiarly-shaped dagger that he would kill the police rather than betray his comrades, and requiring him to stab some person with the blade within a week after his election.

ROSE CLOSED FIRST TERM

Students at Examinations Apprehensive Owing to New Rules. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 31.-The Rose Polytechnic term closed Saturday and the second term will begin Wednesday. It is the first year the two semester school year has been tried at the institute, The examinations began last Wednesday and the students were nervously apprehensive because, under the new rule, flunking at a term examination is more serious than when there were three terms.

Will Be Married To-Day.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAFAYETTE, Ind., Jan. 31 .- At the Boody House, in Toledo, O., to-morrow John F. McHugh, of this city, former state senator, and at present attorney for the county. Monon and Lake Erie & Western Railways. one of the leading practitioners in central Indiana, and Mrs. Eva Welch Brown, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Welch, of Toledo, formerly of this city, will be married. Mr. and Mrs. McHugh will go to Palm Beach, Fla., and after a short sojourn they will return to Lafayette and occupy a beautifully furnished home on South Seventeenth street.

Applicants Must Be Approved.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Ind., Jan. 31 .- At the examination for teachers' license held in this city yesterday, all applicants not personally known by the county superintendent were required to bring letters of recommendation from some person known by the official before they were granted the coveted prize. This state of affairs resulted from the fact that last summer a young man from Ripley county took the examination for a state license and signed his brother's name, the latter being unable to pass his own examination. Both their licences have since

Ended Life with Strychnine.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SPENCER, Ind., Jan. 31.-Frank Drate, a druggist, formerly doing business at Patcommitted suicide to-day by taking strychnine. Excessive drinking, resulting in sepa-

Fixed March 5 to Open Bids. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

store at greencastle suffers big fire loss We Shall Buy a Million

50c Bottles of Liquozone and Give Them to a Million Sick Ones

We have purchased for \$100,000 the American rights to Liquozone—the product which does what medicine cannot do. We thus control the only way to kill germs in the body and end a germ disease. We want the sick to know this product, and at once. So we make this remarkable offer. buy a million bottles and give them to a million sick. Will you—if you need it—let us buy one for you?

We will pay your druggist for a full-size bottle of Liquozone and give it to you to try. Simply send us he coupon below and we will send you the order, good at your local drug store. This is our free Fift and its acceptance places you under no obligations whatever. We make it because this seems the quickest way to convince you—to show you—what Liquozone is and what it can do. Then our only request will be that you tell your sick friends what it does. When we, at our expense, have shown you a way to get well, help us let your friende know it, too. Do this for the good of humanity.

in this way we have seen one cure lead to hundreds of cures. And that is why we make this offer.

Acts Like Oxygen

Liquozone is the result of a process which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. The process consists in generating gases, made in large part from the best oxygen producers. These gases are confined under pressure and, by the employment of immense apparatus and 14 days time, are made part of the liquid product.

The result is a product which does what knowing that it does what we claim. oxygen does. Oxygen, as you know, is the vital part of air. It is the very source of It is oxygen that turns the blue blood to red in the lungs. It is oxygen that eliminates the waste tissue and builds up the new. And no germ of disease can live in the presence

of an excess of oxygen. But oxygen is a gas, and unstable. Liquozone is a liquid which is not even volatile. It carries its virtues into the stomach, into etable matter. For this reason, Liquozone destroys every germ in the body. And no man knows another way to do it without killing the tissues, too.

We Paid \$100,000

For the American rights to this product.

medicine could not cure-we proved that to germs, and medicine in no way applies to Liquozone was infallible. Then we paid the them. Any drug that kills germs is a any scientific discovery.

made, but men don't pay a price like that which Liquozone alone can cure. save for a product of vital worth to humanity. Men of our class do not stake their for-

We paid that \$100,000 because Liquozone does in germ trouble what no skill can accomplish without it. It will do more for the sick than all the drugs in the world combined. You must realize that we know this when, after paying that price, we offer you

Medicine Can't Cure

is almost helpless in any germ disease. The utmost it can do is to act as a tonic, aiding nature to overcome the disease. Such re- table? sults are indirect and uncertain, depending like an excess of oxygen-is deadly to veg- on the patient's condition. A cure is always doubtful and often impossible. And the cures that do result are due to Nature, not to

We first tested Liquozone for two years, other causes than germs, and medicine was been employed for these troubles, but germs

through physicians and hospitals, in this used to doctor them. Up to the year 1880 were unknown then. More than half these country and others. In thousands of the germs were almost unknown, but now it is most difficult cases obtainable—cases which known that certain diseases are due entirely highest price ever paid for similar rights on poison, and it cannot be given internally. ered until August, 1902. Any drugs that can't kill germs serve little We publish this fact because it best shows | purpose in a germ disease. Those are the the value of Liquozone. Claims are easily diseases to which Liquozone applies and

We Offer \$1,000

Liquozone; but nobody ever claimed the re- sudden that in any disease in this list-no ward and nobody ever will. Liquozone matter how difficult, no matter how incuralways kills germs.

kill the germs. That is certain; and it is that Liquozone will cure it. just as certain that the disease will never end while those germs exist. Liquozone Your physician will tell you that medicine taken internally goes wherever the blood goes-into every cell of every tissue. No germ can escape it, and none can resist it. Can you not see that the results are inevi- Coughs-Colds

Germ Diseases

The diseases in this list are known to be due to germs of their toxins. Every modern medicine. A cure can't come until those physician knows that medicine does not germs are killed, and medicine never kills apply to them, for medicine cannot kill

diseases have been traced to germs within the past five years. The germ cause of Rheumatism, for instance, was not discov-

We are spending \$500,000 to thus give Liquotone away. Through

reach, with this offer, nearly every home in America. Our reason is this: There is everywhere

sickness which nothing but Liquozone can cure. In every neighborhood there are lives which Liquozone alone can save. Our plan seems the right way-the best way-to quick let those sick ones

know it. When those million bottles are used in a million homes there will be few who don't

know the value of Liquozone. And those million bottles-in actual use-will do more to convince

those who need this help than all the arguments—all the testimonials—that we could ever print.

Hay Fever-Influenza

Piles-Pneumonia

Pleurisy-Quinsy

Stomach Troubles

Throat Troubles

Tumors-Ulcers

Women's Diseases

Skin Diseases

Tuberculosis

Medicine is not for germ troubles. You must either rely on Nature to overcome the germs, or you must kill them with Liquozone. You can never klil them with drugs.

These diseases yield at once to Liquozone. tunes and reputations on a product without For a disease germ that Liquozone cannot We have seen thousands of these troubles ended in a week, though they had resisted The product is ver expensive compared medicine for years. And the results are so with the cost of medicine. Certainly we This offer is published on every bottle of medicine for years. And the results are so Please note what that fact means. All able it seems-we will gladly send to any well. Won't you, in timple fairness to yourthat is necessary to cure a germ disease is to patient who asks it an absolute guarantee self, send us this coulon and let us show you

> Kidney Diseases La Grippe Leucorrhea Liver Troubles Malaria—Neuralgia Many Heart Troubles Colie-Croup Constinution Catarrh-Cancer Dysentery-Diarrhea Scrofula-Syphilis andruff-Dropsy

All diseases that begin with fever-all inflammation-all catarrh-all contagious diseases-all These diseases were long attributed to | It is true that for centuries medicine has the results of impure or poisonous blood. In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vital50c Bottle Free

If you need Liquizone, and have never tried it, please send us the coupon below. Do this in justice to sourself. We will then send you an order or your local druggist for a 50 cent bottle free, and will pay your drug-

gist ourselves for it. This offer itself should convince you that Liquozone does as we claim. We spend fourteen days in making each bottle of Liquozone, using in mense apparatus and employing the best chemists in Chicago. would not buy a bottle and give it away if there was any doubt of results. You want those results-you want to be

the way? Liquozone costs 50 and \$1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mall it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash Ave., Chicago. My disease is..... I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a loc. bottle free I will Give full address-write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

BAD WRECK ON L. E. & W. WAS NARROWLY AVERTED

Engine Broke Side Rods and Blew Loss of \$20,000 on a Fine Brick Out Cylinder Head-Engineer and Fireman Injured.

PASSENGERS SHAKEN UP PIPE ORGAN IS BURNED

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 31.—Passenger train No. 46, on the Fort Wayne division of the morning, narrowly escaped a serious wreck. Just as the train slowed for the city limits both side rods of the engine broke and the cylinder head burst. The engine was com-Fireman Swimmers, both of Fort Wayne, were injured. Everetts was bruised and his back was wrenched. Swimmers suffered a deep gash in the forehead. One hundred passengers were badly shaken up, but none of the cars left the track. Had the train been going rapidly a serious wreck would have resulted.

INDIANA NOTES.

SHELBYVILLE.-Imonowa Council, No. at St. Paul Saturday night, with fifty-PARIS, Jan. 31.-The police have appre- two charter members, the degree being conhended the headquarters of a large band | ferred on twenty-three of this number. The work was done by Kiowa Council, No. 76, of this city. Mrs. Margaret Goodrich acting as instituting officer. A banquet fol-SEYMOUR .- The Seymour Democrat

passed to new ownership Saturday evening. R. P. Carpenter, who has been the owner and publisher of the paper since last May, has sold to ex-Senator Joseph H. Shea, Thomas M. Honan, ex-prosecuting attorney, and Charles W. Burkhart, former publisher of the Seymour News. GREENSBURG.-Elijah Vandebur, a farmer living south of this city, was bitten

on the hand by a vicious hog several days ago. The wound was dressed and seemed to be almost well, but blood poison has developed, and it is feared will result fa-TERRE HAUTE.-The advance sale for the week of "Ben Hur," beginning Monday night, amounts to \$10,000. It is expected that \$2,000 more will be taken by the time the curtain rises.

INDIANA OBITUARY.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 31.-James Brooks, of Princeton, a former merchant of that place, died in a local hospital to-night. He was fifty-seven years old. Mrs. Louise Hood, aged seventy-seven, a pioneer of Evansville, died to-night of old age and pneumonia. PORTLAND, Ind., Jan. 31.-Lewis Grisell died yesterday at his home in Pennville, aged sixty-nine. He was a native of Jay

Stephans-Hoover Nuptials.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 31.-Mr. Frederick Stephans, junior member of the Stephans Shoe Company, of this city, and Miss Ella Hoover, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hoover, were married this evening at 7 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, the Rev. Walter E. Price, of the First Presbyterian Church, performing the ceremony.

Insurance Agents' Harvest. special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 31 .- The new Commercial Distilling Company has taken out \$380,000 insurance exclusive of the \$20,000 on the cattle pens. Every insurance writer in Terre Haute got some of the insurance and the total annual payment in premiums

Will Work for the Quay Bill. KANSAS CITY, Jan. 31.-A delegation of

of Oklahoma and Indian Territories passed through Kansas City en route to Washington to join in the campaign for statehood. The members of the party all favor singe statehood, and will work for the passage of the Quay bill. The delegation is headed by R. E. Stafford, of the Oklahoma Times-Journal, C. G. Jones and John W. Hunt. German Garrisons in Straits. BERLIN, Jan. 31.-A dispatch received

ALEXANDRIA CHURCH IS DESTROYED BY FLAMES

Structure Which Was Built Only Two Years Ago.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ALEXANDRIA, Ind., Jan. 31.-Flames First Methodist Episcopal Church of this city, a fine brick structure, at 9 o'clock this morning by Janitor McDowell, and before they were extinguished had practically destroyed the church, except the basement mercial Union companies on the building, with \$2,000 additional on the furniture, and \$2,000 additional in another company, a total of \$13,000 insurance.

The flames originated in an overheated and defective hot-air furnace, and crept between the walls to the large attic, and were past control when discovered. The waterworks were handicapped in having one boiler cold for Sunday washing-out, and pressure was lacking. The church was built two years ago at a total cost of \$28,000, ncluding the lot, leaving \$24,000 in the church which has been added to by addition of furniture until it represented perhaps an investment of \$30,000. Included in the ruin was a fine \$2,500 pipe organ, the only one in the city.

PENOBSCOT INDIANS NOT DYING OUT YET

Keep Up the Number of the Once Powerful Tribe.

Penobscot tribe of Indians who live on Indian island at Oldtown, made public by Agent George H. Hunt, show that the tribe now numbers 396 members, a gain of two over last year. Contrary to predictions, the tribe is not diminishing, the longevity of most of the Indians keeping the number up to the full mark. During the year there were fourteen deaths and sixteen births. The Penobscot tribe of Indians is one of the most important in New England, and constitute the remnants of a once powerful and warlike race. The men of to-day excel in all branches of athletics and are skillful in the chase and woodcraft. Big Thunder, a veteran brave nearly ninety years old, is still an adept at handling a canoe. He, with Peter Nicola, undertook a year ago to go by canoe from Oldtown to Washington and bear greetings to the

Louis Sockalexis is typical of the young

President, and had proceeded a long dis-

tance on their perilous ocean voyage when

further than the world's record, but the conditions were such that the record could The members of the tribe intermarry with members of their own tribe, with Passamaquoddy Indians and occasionally with French, but for the most part their Indian lood is unalloyed. The Indian language as formerly spoken by the Panawamskibiak ils, although all speak English fluently. Basket-making is the chief industry, the squaws selling the product at summer resorts along the coast. The raising of maize has been given up and potatoes form the principal agricultural crop. At the school fifty-five students are enrolled. Many of the men find employment as guides and are in great demand.

GHOST SITS DOWN TO NATIVE BANQUET

Prowling Along the Beach Leisurely.

HONOLULU, Jan. 31.-A bona fide ghost Hawaiians, who were positive that they longing to J. K. Kekaula in Punaluu. He end of Stephen so far as this mortal world | cepted by the junta. was concerned. Kunlakea, however, had a surprise up his sleeve for them. On New Standpoint, in full realization of the causes Year's eve a big luau was given at J. K. Panama had to revolt against Colombia, we Kekaula's place. A large number of Ha- would have been foolish, indeed, had we wailans from the vicinity were present. The luau progressed in fine style and everyone was in the best of humor, when a sudden feet, has given the United States a more stop was put to the merriment by the apbeen dead and buried for a couple of Longevity of Individuals Helps to months. The ghost took its seat at the table, but the rest of the company did not relish its presence. Every mother's son present fled precipitately and did not stop before they had put a considerable distance between themselves and the haunted house Everyone present at the luau is positive of BANGOR, Me., Jan. 31.-Statistics of the the appearance and identity of the ghost. The shade appeared once since then on the beach, where he almost frightened a couple of his former friends to death. These, howcanoe. As ghosts cannot cross water, they escaped their erstwhile friend. The late Kuniakea is making considerable trouble in his late home district. J. K Kekaula has moved from his house and a large number of the Hawaiians living at Punaluu have moved mauka.

Warships Sail South. NEW YORK, Jan. 31.-The United States battleships Iowa and Maine left the Brooklyn navyyard to-day. The Iowa goes direct to Culebra to join the North Atlantic squadron. After stopping at Hampton Roads to have her torpedo tubes tested the Maine will proceed to Culebra, where she is to become the flagship of Rear Admiral Barker, commanding the North Atlantic

Will Start the Plant Under Guard.

one became ill and the trip had to be aban-PITTSBURG, Jan. 31.-Fires in the Spang-Chalfant Company's mills in Etna. men of the tribe. He was well known a where a strike has been on for several short time ago as a National League base- | weeks, were lighted to-night, and an efball player. Any of the young men of the fort will be made to start the plant in full in tribe are adept at throwing a ball, but | the morning under a guard of coal and iron Sockalexis leads them all. A few years ago police. The strikers number 200, and they at Poland Spring, in an informal trial, claim an effort is being made to introduce Socalexis threw a ball seventeen feet | negro laborers at the plant.

PEDESTRIANS SEE ONLY EVIL IN FREEZE-AND-THAW WEATHER

Slippery Sidewalks Cause Complaints, and Many Tender Spots Are show of Blamed to Warmer Days and Colder Nights

The time for brooms and shovels in deal- | will make walking safe and comfortable the city snow was cleaned from walks here from Swakomund, German Southwest Africa, says that since Jan. 21 three men have been killed in sorties from Chahandja against the besieging rebel natives. The walks have been covered with ice. A slip-

has been superseded by the need of ice snow, there is still much work to be done to communicate with Generals Tovar and picks and salt. Although in all parts of by the street-cleaning department on well- Amaya. The demand was refused, but as after last week's snowfall to a greater de- these cross walks, notably on Massachu- palavar Colonel Torres, in trying to congree than was known at any other time in | setts and Virginia avenues, are causing | vince Senor Arango of the folly of the revwalking comparatively easy while the sistency of fine sand. This is not only pedestrian doesn't like to imitate the sum- | tive service. mer pastime of climbing sand dunes when snow. With alternating thaws and freezes, | crossing city streets in the dead of winter. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 31.—The trus
No chance for disappointment if you serve Mrs. Austin's Pancakes. All gro
serve Mrs. Austin's Pancakes. All gro
serve se'l it.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 31.—The trus
pery time is due, such as that which kept the majority of Indianapolitans reminded to the uncertainty of life several weeks ago garrison at Omaruru repulsed a severe attack on Jan. 27, and it is assumed that the majority of Indianapolitans reminded to the uncertainty of the unc With the conditions of several weeks ago

Although the down town streets and

Panama's Recognition Was an Act of Justice to Oppressed People

slaughter Americans. It is only proper to say, too, that if the question of the righteousness of American interference should be put to a vote on the isthmus it would be sustained by the unanimous voice of the

Panama knows, as does the world at large, just what motives influenced Colombia to reject the Hay-Herran treaty. Panama has had more experience than has all the rest of the world with Colombian greed and unscrupulousness. This little republic while a state of the Colombian federation was systematically mulcted; its citizens were po-Apparition Has Also Been Seen litely pilfered of their substance, and for many long years the whole state paid tribute to that rapacity which afflicts the government at Bogota. With this experience Panama knows that when Colombia rejected the treaty, upon which every hope of isthmian prosperity was pinned, she did so in the belief that she could drive a which, like unto that of Banquo, appeared better bargain for herself. No thought of Panama's interests entered into the considand took its seat at the feast, has, according erations at Bogota, for had \$40,000,000 instead to a report brought by the steamer Mauna of \$10,000,000 been the price we agreed to cession, Panama would never have seen a cent of that sum. And with all Panama's The story was told as follows by many future hopes staked on the transfer of that concession to the United States she, more than any other people or government, has A short time ago a Hawalian, Stephen | felt the evil effects of Colombia's obstruct-Kunulakea by name, died at the house be- ive tactics. That is the reason this republic was buried in ordinary fashion, and his that is the reason the treaty we have nefriends naturally supposed that this was the gotiated with Panama was so quickly ac-Looking at the situation from our own

perfect control over the isthmus than it | pearance of the ghost of Kuniakea, who had | could have secured by the payment of | treaty, and in the doing of the four-fifths WHAT WE GAIN. In the first place, the people here look upon us as their friend, and are ready to rely upon and trust us implicitly. In the second place, as the canal treaty is so liberal in its grants to us that we could not have ever, had the presence of mind to jump into | the treaty, and in return for the same terms the sea, where they were picked up by a offered Colombia, to do exactly as we please sanitary regulations over the zone and in the cities of Panama and Colon; to bring into these ports free of duty all the supplies needed in the canal work, and we secure the islands in Panama bay, lying just off the entrance to the canal, and a little work will convert toese islands into veritable Gibraltars. Our dominion over the canal strip is, in short, virtually complete. This we could not have secured from Colombia. In securing it as we have done we not only get that, but at the same time we get a dominating influence over the government of the coun try through which the canal is to run. That we could not have secured from Colombia. for the government, had the Hay-Herran treaty been ratified and the revolution of Nov. 3 never taken place, would have centered at Bogota, far from our influence and control. To anybody familiar with the craft-

iness and trickery of Latin-American politics, this advantage will appear as a most important one That we shall ever have occasion to take up arms against Colombia to sustain this republic is a suggestion one never hears on the isthmus save among the members of the American colony in this city. Rumors of all sorts are current in this regard, but none of them are definite. It is said that Colombians are already moving toward Panama; their camps have, in fact, been located, and tales of invasion and coming warfare are circu-WAR NOT THOUGHT OF.

The knowing-the native Panamalansonly shrug their shoulders at these tales. In government circles there is some little activity in preparing for resistance; but this is a bluff equal in size to that which Senor Jose Agustin Arango passed to Colonel Torres over the telephone wire cross streets are comparatively clean of res had been demanding that he be allowed traveled cross walks just outside of the a substitute he was allowed to talk to olution, said:

"I have 3,000 troops," "We have 4,000," answered Arango, quick tiring, but exasperating, as the average as a flash; "all armed and equipped for ac-"I shall march upon Panama to-morrow," said Torres.

"Why vait until to-morrow?" asked Arango. We are not waiting. As I talk

"Cle, senor," answered Arango. "That is the railroad-your 3,000 and our 4,000-and

SITUATION IS SIMPLE. Torres had 450 half-grown boys. Arango had at that moment about 300 men, yet they talked of thousands and of marching across forty-seven miles of miasmatic swamp and through forty-seven miles of jungle to fight. It was a bluff and so is the war talk one hears these days The facts of the matter are that Colombis, driven to desperation by the revolution on the isthmus, is playa show of arms at e-establishing her sov-ereignty over the sthmus not with any idea of actually attempting such a feat, but with the sole purpose of satisfying home sentiment and of preventing a revo-lution there which would sweep from power the present weak, inefficient and corrupt

With the independence of Panama to be justified upon humaritarian and commercial and with no danger of a clash with Colombia impending, the i thmian situation is as simple as is the alphabet. Panama will take care of herself under the protection we are bound to furnish her, developing in time a patriotism now unknown and leading to stability of government. As for ourselves, we have only to ratify the canal treaty in order to obtain full license to come here in force, drive pestilential disease from the isthmus and dig the ditch upon which the French squandered hundreds of millions of

The thing we have been aiming at lies before us in easy reach. One-fifth of the necessary work to construct a canal has been done; the power to do the other four-fifth waits only upon the ratification of the we shall not, as I have explained, encounter any problems that need dismay or caunt us in the slightest. If the demand of the commercial world for this interoceanic canal is genuine, and of that there is no doubt; if military considerations make it desirable for us to control that canal, and upon that there is only one opinion; if Colombia, by sinister intent, did delay the construction of the canal, and rejection o the Hay-Herran treaty proves that she did if we have any desire to elevate manking and make swamps and wildernesses subjection to civilization's uses, and our policy in that respect is too well known to be disputed there is nothing in what has been done here upon the isthmus-by Panamans of by the United States-that is subject to censure, for all that has been done tends directly toward the right. The end justi-fies the means, and for us only one thing remains, and that is dig! MERRILL A. TEAGUE.

RAGGED YOUNG SOLDIER TO DEATH IN BARRACKS

His Comrades Became Angry Be-Cause They Had to Perform Extra Drill.

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, Jan. 31 .- A serious case of ragging occurred among the the Rifle Brigade in the Kasr Nil Barracks dirty in person. The adjutant adopted the following extraordinary means of correction. He ordered all the boys to undergo an extra drill on account of this one boy's delinquency. In consequence the boy was subjected to a barrack-room court-martial. and to such rough usage and brutal maltreatment that he became unconscious, and died at the hospital from his injuries, The authorities have been compelled to or-

der a court-martial of the boys.

